# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SPEEDOKOTE LLC. mobile refinish products

## 1. Identification

Product identifier	Jet Black Basecoat		
Other means of identification			
Product code	SMR-8600		
Recommended use	Basecoat		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/I	Distributor information		
Manufacturer			
Company name Address	SpeedoKote LLC. 5565 N. Webster St. Dayton, OH 45414 United States		
Telephone	TECH SUPPORT SALES PHONE	855-777-3336 855-777-3336 855-777-3336	3
Website	www.speedokote.com		
E-mail	sales@speedokote.com Safety Department		
Contact person Emergency phone number	EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.	800-424-9300	ChemTrec
Emergency phone number			
2. Hazard(s) identification	Flammable liquids		
Physical hazards	Acute toxicity, inhalation		Category 2
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation		Category 3
			Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritatio	20	Category 2 Category 2A
	Carcinogenicity		Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity		Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, sir		
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic enviro		Category 3
	Hazardous to the aquatic enviro long-term hazard	nment,	Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.		
Label elements			



Signal word Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	67.48% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 87.11% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 87.11% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
parachlorobenzotriflouride		98-56-6	30 - < 50
Acetone		67-64-1	10 - < 30
Methyl Acetate		79-20-9	5 - < 20
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	5 - < 20
Butylbenzyl Phthalate		85-68-7	0 - < 5
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	0 - < 5
Glycol Ether PM Acetate		108-65-6	0 - < 5
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0< 1
Xylene		1330-20-7	0< 1
Other components below reportable leve	ls		5 - < 10

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 7. Handling and storage

7. Humaning und Storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
	For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
9 Experies controls/pore	and protection

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL	3.5 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	PEL	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	es		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	250 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
,	TWA	150 ppm	

Components	mit Values Type		Val	ue	Form
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	-	150	) ppm	
	TWA		100	) ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guid	e to Chemical Hazards				
Components	Туре		Val	ue	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA		590	) mg/m3	
			250	) ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA		0.1	mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	-		5 mg/m3	
				5 ppm	
	TWA			5 mg/m3	
				) ppm	
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	-	760	) mg/m3	
				) ppm	
	TWA			) mg/m3	
				) ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	-	950	) mg/m3	
120-00-4)			200	) ppm	
	TWA		710	) mg/m3	
				) ppm	
US. Workplace Environn Components	iental Exposure Level () Type	•	Val	ue	
Glycol Ether PM Acetate	τ\Λ/Δ		50	nnm	
	TWA		50	ppm	
Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA		50	ppm	
(CAS 108-65-6) ogical limit values			50	ppm	
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The sum of the second s	We are appreciate the mediante stills elething when persons in
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Black
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated
Flash point	-4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.4 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	16 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	127.39 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	797 °F (425 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	1.10 g/cm3 estimated
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile	84.5 w/w % By Weight 85.55 v/v % By Volume
Specific gravity	1.1 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	<ul> <li>1.24 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water Less Exempts)</li> <li>4.03 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)</li> <li>148.77 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)</li> <li>483.35 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)</li> </ul>

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Material name: Jet Black Basecoat SMR-8600 Version #: 02 Issue date: 08-31-2015 Revised 06-15-2024

Incompatible materials	Acids. Nitrates.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.	
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.	

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Narcotic effects.

Addie texicity		
Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
		20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
		50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg
	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Butylbenzyl Phthalate (CA	S 85-68-7)	
Acute	,	
Dermal		
LD50	Mouse	6700 mg/kg
	Rat	6700 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	13500 mg/kg
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-8	86-4)	
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 8000 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4	1-4)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20	0-9)	
Acute		
Oral	D. LL Y	0.7.1
LD50	Rabbit	3.7 g/kg

Species	Test Results	
Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Rat	14000 mg/kg	
Rabbit	> 43 g/kg	
Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours	
Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Mouse	1590 mg/kg	
Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg	
e based on additional compone	ent data not shown	
Not a respiratory sensitizer.		
This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.		
No data available to indicate mutagenic or genotoxic.	product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are	
Suspected of causing cancer		
Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	/	
e (CAS 85-68-7)3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.(333-86-4)2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.(00-41-4)2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.(0-7)3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.		
u Substances (29 CFR 1910.	1001-1050)	
May damage fartility or the unborn shild		
May cause drowsiness and dizziness.		
Not classified.		
Not an ashiration hazard		
Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.		
	ng lasting effects	
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Species Test Results		
	Wistar rat Rat Rabbit Mouse Rat Mouse Rat based on additional compone Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation Not a respiratory sensitizer. This product is not expected No data available to indicate mutagenic or genotoxic. Suspected of causing cancer valuation of Carcinogenicity (S 85-68-7) 86-4) 1-4) d Substances (29 CFR 1910. May damage fertility or the u May cause drowsiness and of Not classified. Not an aspiration hazard. Prolonged inhalation may be	

Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours

Components		Species	Test Results
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	(CAS 85-68-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 0.96 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Shiner perch (Cymatogaster aggregata)	0.47 - 0.56 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 1	00-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl Acetate (CAS	79-20-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS	123-86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20	-7)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Partition coefficient n-octand	ol / water (log Kow)	
Acetone		-0.24
Butylbenzyl Phthalate		4.91
Ethylbenzene		3.15
Methyl Acetate		0.18
N-Butyl Acetate		1.78
Xylene		3.12 - 3.2
Mobility in soil	No data available.	

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

## 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT
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UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	UN1263 Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-

Label(s) Packing group Special precautions for user Special provisions Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk Packaging bulk	3 II Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28 150 173 242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	UN1263 Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user Other information	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not established.

## DOT



# 15. Regulatory information

15. Regulatory informatio	n		
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardou Standard, 29 CFR 1910.120 One or more components a	00.	ned by the OSHA Hazard Communication
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Not regulated.	Notification (40 CFR 707, Su	bpt. D)	
TSCA Chemical Action Plan	ns, Chemicals of Concern		
Butylbenzyl Phthalate (C CERCLA Hazardous Substa		Phthalates Actio	n Plan
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		Listed.	
Butylbenzyl Phthalate (C		Listed.	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100- Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-	,	Listed. Listed.	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 12		Listed.	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		Listed.	
SARA 304 Emergency relea	ase notification		
	ed Substances (29 CFR 1910	.1001-1050)	
Not listed.			
Superfund Amendments and Re Hazard categories	eauthorization Act of 1986 (S Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No	ARA)	
SARA 302 Extremely hazar Not listed.	dous substance		
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No		
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)			
Chemical name		CAS number	% by wt.
Ethylbenzene Xylene		100-41-4 1330-20-7	0< 1 0< 1
Other federal regulations			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	n 112 Hazardous Air Pollutar	nts (HAPs) List	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100- Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	)		
· · ·	n 112(r) Accidental Release F	Prevention (40 CFR	68.130)
Not regulated.			
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.		
Drug Enforcement Adn Chemical Code Numbe		sential Chemicals (	21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and
Acetone (CAS 67-64	-	6532	
_		-	Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
-	Mixtures Code Number	35 %WV	
Acetone (CAS 67-64	4-1)	6532	
US state regulations			
	ubstances. CA Department o	of Justice (Californi	a Health and Safety Code Section 11100)
	hemicals List. Safer Consun	ner Products Regul	ations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.
(a)) Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Butylbenzyl Phthalate (C Carbon Black (CAS 1333 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-	3-86-4) -41-4)		
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			

#### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Butylbenzyl Phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Butylbenzyl Phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Butylbenzyl Phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Butylbenzyl Phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance			
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	Listed: February 21, 2003		
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004		
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin			
Butylbenzyl Phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)	Listed: December 2, 2005		

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 08-31-2015

Revised:	06-15-2024
Version #	02
Disclaimer	SpeedoKote LLC cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.